THE STAMP DUTY ACT, NO. 6 OF 1996

(PRINCIPAL LEGISLATION)

(THE REVISED EDITION OF 2013)

(This edition of the Stamp Duty Act, No. 6 of 1996, incorporates and consolidates all amendments made in the Act since its commencement up to July, 2013 for easy reference of the Act)

THE STAMP DUTY ACT, NO. 6 OF 1996

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ACT NO. 6 OF 1996

I ASSENT

SALMIN AMOUR PRESIDENT OF ZANZIBAR AND CHAIRMAN OF THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL.

3 RD APRIL 1997

AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REPLACE THE STAMP DUTY ACT, 1986. ENACTED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF ZANZIBAR

PART I

PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

Amended by Acts No. :

4 Of 1998

6 of 1998

5 of 1999

10 of 2003

9 of 2004

13 of 2005

1 of 2006

6 of 2006

7 of 2007

9 of 2008

7 of 2009

9 of 2012

10 of 2013

Short title and commenceme

1. This Act may be cited as the Stamp Duty Act, 1996 and shall come into operation immediately upon being assented to by the President.

Interpretation

2. In this Act unless the context otherwise requires:

"Act" means the Stamp Duty Act, 1996;

"Acknowledgement" means a note of acknowledgement whereby any debt or demand or any part thereof is either acknowledged to have been created or is discharged or satisfied as the case may be;

"Applicant" means a person who had applied for an agreement of composition under this Act and includes his personal representatives, assigns and attorneys;

"Attested" means countersigned by the Competent Authority in the prescribed manner in token of due payment of the Stamp Duty;

"Authorized officer" means any officer authorized under the provisions of this Act by the Commissioner or any other authority empowered to do so, to carry out any function under the provisions of this Act;

"Bank concern" means a bank established under any law and includes any establishment conducting the business of banking;

"Bill of Exchange" includes a draft, order, cheque, letter of credit and any other document entitling or purporting to entitle any person whether named therein or not to payment by any other person of, or to draw upon any other person for, any sum of money

"Business" includes any activity carried on with a view to profit or gain and also includes trade, commerce, or manufacture of goods;

"Business or professional establishment" includes any shop, office, factory, or otherestablishment whether incorporated or not which is engaged in carrying on a business or profession;

Inserted by Act No. 13 of 2005, s.6 "Certificate of no objection" means a certificate issued by the Commissioner under section 3(4) to certify the value of any property intended to be sold"

"Chargeable" means chargeable to Stamp Duty under this Act or chargeable under any other law in force in Zanzibar at the relevant time before the commencement of this Act; "Cheque" means a bill of exchange drawn on a specified banking establishment and not expressed to be payable otherwise than on demand;

Amended by Act Act No. No.6 of 1998, s. 7

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner for Zanzibar Revenue Board or any person to whom the Commissioner has delegated all or any of the functions under this Act;

"Compounded Duty" means the Stamp Duty payable under an agreement made under section 15 of this Act and includes any penalty payable for failure to pay the compounded duty within the prescribed time;

"Conveyance" includes a conveyance on sale and every instrument by which property whether movable or immovable is transferred *inter vivos* and which is not specifically provided for by the Schedule hereto; and also a decree or order for or having the effect of an order for foreclosure;

"Competent Authority" means the officer appointed by the Government to exercise the powers of Competent Authority under this Act, by whatever designation called;

"Company" includes a company incorporated in Zanzibar or if incorporated outside Zanzibar, registered with the Registrar of Companies in Zanzibar,

"Court" means a court of law having jurisdiction over the area where the taxpayer or the person concerned normally resides or carries on his business or profession;

Inserted by Act No. 13 of 2005, s.6 "Designated appellate authority" means an appellate tax authority which shall be established by an Act of the House of Representatives;

"Duly stamped" means that the instrument bears an adhesive or impressed stamp of not less than the proper amount and that such stamp has been cancelled and attested in the prescribed manner;

"Defaulting taxpayer" means a taxpayer who fails to pay the Stamp Duty chargeable under this Act within the prescribed time and in the prescribed manner;

"Executed" and "Execution" when used with reference to instruments

means signed and signature respectively;

"Government" means the Government of Zanzibar as established by law and includes its parastatals;

"Instrument" includes every document by which any right or liability is or purports to be created, transferred, limited, extended, extinguished or recorded:

"Lease" means a lease of immovable property and also includes;

- (a) a certificate of occupancy;
- (b) a grant for a term of the right to use and enjoy any easement, profit a' prendre, or incorporeal right;
- (c) any instrument by which tolls of any description are let;
- (d) any writing on an application for a lease intended to signify that the application is granted;

"Minister" means the Minister for the time being responsible for Finance;

"Mortgage deed" includes every instrument whereby for the purpose of securing money advanced, or to be advanced, by way of loan, or an existing or future debt, or the performance of an agreement, one person transfers or creates to or in favour of another a right over or in respect of specified property, and for the purpose of this Act includes a charge under the laws relating to Land Registration;

"Power of attorney" includes any instrument empowering a specific person to act for and in the name of the person executing it;

"Promissory note" includes a note promising the payment of any sum of money out of any particular fund which may or may not be available, or upon any condition or contingency which may or may not be performed or happen;

"Periodical gross turnover" means the total amount of money received or receivable by the taxpayer in consideration of sale of goods or services during a specified period determined under the provisions of this Act:"

"Place of business or profession" includes any building or premises where any activity relating to the business or profession as the case may be is carried out including maintenance of books of accounts,

documents and records;

Inserted by Act No. 9 of 2012, s. 10 "policy of insurance" includes any writing whereby a contract of insurance is made, issued, agreed to be made; which purports to cover any risk for any property or service under a contract of insurance in Zanzibar;'

Inserted by Act No. 9 of 2012, s. 10 'policy of life insurance' means a policy upon any life or lives or upon any event or contingency relating to or depending upon any life or lives, except a policy of insurance against accident to a person or in respect of any injury, incapacity, sickness or the like, or a policy whereby a sum is payable to cover any compensation or damage due under any enactment relating to workers' compensation or employer's liability or under the common law, in respect of the death or illness of or injury to an employee';

"Prescribed manner" means the manner and procedure as prescribed by the regulations made under this Act;

"Profession" includes any vocation carried on with a view to earn living or gains;

"Property" means immovable and movable property of every kind and includes right in such property;

"Public officer" includes any officer appointed by the Government to perform public duties as assigned to him by law or instructions, and also includes any arbitrator or other person having by law or consent of parties authority to receive evidence;

"Receipt" or "Bill of sale" in relation to a transaction of business or profession shall include any note, memorandum, or writing whereby any money, bill of exchange, cheque, or promissory note is acknowledged to have been received or any goods or services are described to have been provided on credit as the case may be;

"Sale" includes exchange and any other modes of transfer of goods and services by one person to the other for consideration;

"Specified country" means any country which the Minister may, by notice in the Gazette, declare to be specified country for the purpose of this Act;

"Stamp Duty" includes any sum payable by way of Duty, Penalty, Fine

or any other sum chargeable under this Act;

"Taxpayer" includes every person who is responsible for payment of Stamp Duty or who is subjected to any proceedings under the provisions of this Act, and includes his personal representatives, assigns and attorneys.

PART II STAMP DUTIES

Imposition of duty

Amended by Act No.10 of 2013 s. 12

- 3.(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, there shall be imposed a duty to be known as the Stamp Duty:-
- (a) On the supply in Zanzibar of goods and services by a taxable person in the course of or furtherance to business carried on by that taxable person; or
- (b) On the supply of goods and services exempted under the Second Schedule of the Value Added Tax Act No. 4 of 1998; or
- (c) For all instruments specified under the First schedule to the Act, unless the instrument specified are exempted from payment of duty.
- (2) Stamp duty shall:-
 - (a) Subject to section 3(1)(a) and (b), be at the rate of 3 per centum charged on taxable value;
 - (b) In relation to instruments specified in paragraph (c) of section 3 (1), be at the rate specified in that schedule.
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Act, the Minister may, after considering the public interest, by Order published in the Gazette, categorise particular types of goods or services for which a specific rate other than the rate specified under subsection (2) of this section, shall be applicable as stamp duty.
- (4) The Minister may by order published in the Gazette, amend, replace and vary the rates of stamp duty referred to in sub section (2)(b) of this section.

Appointment of agents

Amended by Act No. 10 of 201 3A (1) The Minister may, in consultation with the Commissioner, by Order published in the Gazette, appoint any agent or class of persons as an authorized officer for the purpose of this Act, in respect of all instruments or other matters or such of the foregoing or such classes

- s. 12. thereof as may be specified in the Order.
 - (2) Subject to the provisions of subsection (6) the Minister may, in consultation with the Commissioner, cancel the appointment of any agent or class of persons.
 - 3A [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]
 - 3B. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]
 - 3C. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]
 - 3D. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]
 - 3E. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]
 - 3F. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]

Several Instruments Used in a Single transaction 4(1). Any instrument comprising or relating to several distinct matters shall be chargeable with the aggregate amount of the duties with which separate instruments, each comprising or relating to one of such matters, would be chargeable under this Act.

Amended by Act No. 10 of 2013, s. 13. (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of the relevant law relating to transfer of any property or instrument of ownership, no transfer of any property or instrument of ownership in Zanzibar shall be affected by any person until the Commissioner has issued a certificate of no objection.

Instruments coming within several description

5. Subject to the provisions of section an instrument so framed as to come within two or more of the descriptions in the First Schedule to this Act shall, where the duties chargeable thereunder are different, be chargeable only with the highest of such duties.

Indication of payment on the instrument

6. Except as is provided expressly otherwise in this Act, the Duty with which any instrument is chargeable shall be paid, and such payment shall be indicated on such instrument by means of a stamp or stamps in such manner as may be prescribed.

Attestation And Cancellation of stamps

- 7. (1) Any instrument chargeable under this Act, shall be presented before the competent Authority for attestation and cancellation of the stamps in the prescribed manner.
- (2) Any chargeable instrument which is not executed or presented for attestation as required by this Act in the prescribed manner, shall not create or confer any legal right enforceable in a court of law in favour of

any party to such instrument, nor shall it be accepted as an evidence of such transaction, matter or event before any court of law in favour of any such party unless the Stamp Duty is paid on such instrument in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Statement of capital by companies

- 8.-(1) Where any company is to be incorporated in Zanzibar with limited liability or where the nominal share capital of any company so incorporated is to be increased, there shall be delivered as the case may be, to the Registrar of Companies;
 - (a) a statement of the amount which is to form the nominal share capital of the company to be incorporated; or
 - (b) a statement of the increase of the nominal share capital which may embody the notice of increased capital required by section 63 of the Companies Decree.
- (2) The statements referred to in subsection (1) shall be charged with a Stamp Duty at the rates specified in the First Schedule to this Act.

Amended by Act No. 6 of 2006, s. 14

(3) Any company which is approved under the Zanzibar Investment Promotion and Protection Act, 2004 shall not be required to pay Duty for the project capital notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1).

Deemed Unstamped

9. Any instrument created in contravention of the provisions of this Act and the Regulations made hereunder shall be deemed to be unstamped.

Determination of stamp Duty

- 10. (1) When an instrument is presented for attestation and cancellation of stamp in accordance with section 7(1) of this Act, the Competent Authority shall have the right to determine the correct amount of Stamp Duty chargeable on such instrument keeping in view the nature of transaction, the normal market value of the property involved and such other relevant considerations.
- (2) If the Stamp Duty already paid on the instrument is found to be inadequate on such determination under subsection (1) the deficiency shall be made good by affixing adequate stamps or in any other prescribed manner whereupon the document shall be attested by the Competent Authority.

Amended by Act No.1 of 2006, s. 40

(3) If there is any objection to the amount of Stamp Duty determined under subsection (1) an appeal can be lodged with the Zanzibar Tax Appeals Board.

Valuation of Instruments

11. (1) Where ad velorem Duty is chargeable to any instrument in accordance with the First Schedule to this Act, the value of the instrument

for the purpose of charging Duty, shall be determined in the prescribed manner.

(2) Where no specific method of valuation is prescribed for the purpose of subsection (1) the instrument shall be valued at the open market price for the relevant transaction matter, or thing to which the instrument relates.

Exemption Amended by Act No. 9 of 2012, s. 12

- 12.(1) Subject to procedures to be laid down under Regulations to this Act, any duty which is chargeable on conveyance of an instrument or a class of instruments under this Act can be reduced or waived by the Minister on sufficient reasons of public interest."
- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1), no Duty shall be payable on the following instruments:
 - (a) any instrument executed by or on behalf of or in favour of the Government of Zanzibar where the Duty would have been payable by the government;
 - (b) any instrument relating to a Public Charitable or Religious organization on which the Duty would have been payable by such organization;

Amended by Act No. 9 of 2012, s. 12

- (c) any chargeable instrument which is exempt from such payment under a treaty or an agreement with specified countries to which the Government of Zanzibar is a party."
- (3) Minister may make rules and procedures for the exemptions.

PART III

STAMP DUTY ON BUSINESS RECEIPTS

- 13. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]
- 13A. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]

Payment for services be rendered in Zanzibar

13B. [Repealed by Act No. 10 of 2013, s. 14]

Registration of Hawker

Inserted by Act No. 13 of 2005, s.9

- 13C. (1) Any person who engages in business and does not have a permanent or proper place of business shall, prior to commencement of his business, be duly registered by the Commissioner under the provisions of this Act under such terms and conditions as may be specified.
- (2) All application for registration shall be made in the form and manner prescribed in the Regulations.
- (3) A person who is registered under the provisions of this section shall be issued with an ID Card as specified in the Regulations.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section the Minister may specify classes of business to be exempted from the operation of this section.
 - 14. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]

Composition agreement Amended by Act No. 9 of 2012, s. 14

- 15. (1) Where any person finds that he is carrying on a business or profession which involves issue of a large number of receipts or bills of sale, he may apply for an agreement of composition with the Commissioner in the prescribed form (SD-1).
- (2) The Commissioner after satisfying himself regarding the facts mentioned in the said application on such enquiry as he considers necessary for this purpose, may enter into an agreement of composition with the applicant in the prescribed form (SD-2) whereupon the Stamp Duty shall be payable at the rate prescribed in the Second Schedule to this Act on the sales, or amount of gross receipts as the case may be.
- (3) Where an agreement under subsection (2) of this section has been entered into:
 - (a) the individual receipts or bills of sale of transactions covered under the provisions of section 23 of the Tax Administration and Procedures Act No. 7 of 2009 will not be chargeable separately to Stamp Duty;
 - (b) the Commissioner may decide the periodicity of more than one month for which the applicant shall be required to file the statement of his gross turnover, sales or receipts as the case may be in the prescribed form (SD-3); and
- Amended by Act No. 6 of 1998, s.9
- (c) the Stamp Duty shall be payable by such person according to his statement within seven working days of the end of the period to which the statement relates in the prescribed manner.

Authorisation of Late payment

Inserted by Act No. 13 of 2005, s.11

- 15A. (1) Where any person is registered under this Act by reasons beyond his control is unable to pay any tax, interest or penalty within the time specified under this Act, shall within 30 days of such reasons notify the Commissioner in writing.
- (2) If the Commissioner is satisfied that such person is unable to pay the tax, penalty or interest within the prescribed period shall, subject to any other conditions that may be specified under this Act or Regulations, authorise the late payment of such tax, interest or penalty to any other date and he shall notify the person in writing of his decision.
- 16. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]
- 17. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]

Composition for lump sum duty (compounded)

- 18. It shall be lawful for the Commissioner to enter into an agreement with a Banking concern or any other person who applies for such agreement for sufficient reasons providing for a compounded duty of an agreed sum of money payable periodically and such other conditions as he considers necessary in the circumstances of the case, in lieu of the Stamp Duty chargeable under this Act for which the Bank or the person as the case may be, is responsible.
- 19. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]
- 19A. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]

PART IV

PROVISIONS TO CHECK EVASION OF PAYMENT OF STAMP DUTY

Impounding of instrument

20. A court or any Public Officer before whom an instrument is produced in the course of the performance of his functions, shall examine the instrument to ascertain whether such instrument if duly stamped and attested, and shall if he is satisfied that it is not duly stamped or attested as required under this Act, impound the instrument or cause it to be impounded by any other Public Officer in the prescribed manner.

Summoning of instrument

21. The Commissioner or any officer authorized by him in this behalf may require any person to produce to him any chargeable instrument in possession of such person, and may exercise the powers conferred upon a Public officer by section 20 in relation to any such

instrument.

Duty and Penalty on impounded instruments

- 22.(1) Any instrument impounded under sections 20 or 21 shall be referred to the Competent Authority for:-
 - (a) determination of proper Stamp Duty payable on such instrument; and
 - (b) determination of the amount of penalty (being not less than half and not exceeding twice the amount of the duty chargeable) payable on the said instrument for failure to comply with the provisions of this Act.
- (2) The amount of Stamp Duty and penalty determined under subsection (1), shall be payable by the person from whom the instrument was impounded whereupon the instrument shall be attested by the competent authority and released to the person from whom it was impounded.

Bar on Unstamped instruments

- 23. (1) Without prejudice to the generality of section 7(2) no instrument chargeable under this Act, shall be admitted in evidence for any purpose by any person having by law or consent of parties authority to receive the evidence or shall be acted upon, registered or authenticated by any such person or by any public officer, unless the instrument is duly stamped and attested as required by this Act.
- (2) The instrument may be admitted in evidence or be acted upon or registered or authenticated as the case may be, on payment of the Stamp Duty chargeable under this Act together with a penalty of a sum not less than half and not exceeding twice the amount of the duty chargeable on such instrument.
- (3) The provisions of section 7(2) and this section shall not prevent the admission of an instrument in evidence;
 - (i) in any proceedings for a criminal offence, or
 - (ii) if the instrument has been executed by or on behalf of the Government; or
 - (iii) if the instrument is exempt from payment of the Stamp Duty Under this Act and is so certified by the Competent Authority.
- 24. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]

PART V

COLLECTION AND RECOVERY

- 25. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]
- 26. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]
- 27. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]
- 27A. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]
- 28. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]

Certificate Recovery through Court

- 29. (1) Without prejudice to the provisions of section 23 where any amount of Duty, Penalty, Fine or any other sum is due from a taxpayer under this Act and which he fails to pay, the Commissioner may file in a court having Jurisdiction over the area in which the defaulting taxpayer normally resides or carries on his business or profession, a certificate stating: -
 - (a) the name and address of the person from whom the said amount is due; and
 - (b) the amount due.
- (2) Upon such certificate being lodged in such court, the certificate shall be deemed to be a decree passed by such court against the person named in the certificate for payment by him to the Government of the amount stated in the certificate together with interest thereon of ten percent (10%) per month from the date on which the certificate was filed until the date of payment. Every such decree shall be executed in the same manner as any decree passed by the court in a civil suit.
- (3) Every certificate filed in a court pursuant to the provisions of subsection (1) hall be conclusive evidence of the truth of the facts stated therein and shall be enforceable by the court notwithstanding that the amount involved exceeded the pecuniary jurisdiction of the Court.
- 30. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]

PART VI OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

No bar on Prosecution of offenders.

- 31. The taking of proceedings or payment of a penalty under any provision of this Act shall not bar the prosecution of any person who appears to have committed an offence under this Part of the Act.
- **32**. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]
- **33**. [Repealed by Act No. 7 of 2009, s. 71]

PART VII

MISCLLENEOUS PROVISIONS

Regulations Amended by Act No. 10 of 2013, s. 15.

34. The Minister may make regulations for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.

Repeal and savings

- 35. (1) The Stamp Duty Act 1986 (Act No. 13 of 1986) is hereby repealed.
- (2) Notwithstanding the repeal under subsection (1), anything done under the said Act (No. 13 of 1986) which is in force on the effective date shall be deemed to have been made under the provisions of this Act.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Type of instrument	Rate of Duty
BANKING OPERATIONS.	
- Bill of Exchange: not being a bond, bank note or currency note.	20 T. Shillings for every 1000 Tshs. Of value
- Promissory Note	- Do –
- Cheques	500/ for every such instrument
 Letter Of Credit: that is to say, any instrument by which one person authorizes another to give credit to the person whose favour it is drawn. 	10,000 T. Shillings for every such instrument.
 Letter Of License: that is to say, any agreement between a debtor and his creditors that the latter shall for a specified time suspend their claims and allow the debtor to carry on business at his own discretion. 	- Do –
 Protest Of Bill Or Note: that is to say, any declaration I writing made by a Notary Public or other person lawfully acting as such, attesting the dishonor of a bill of exchange or promissory note 	- Do –
BUSINESS TRANSACTION.	

Deed Of Partnership Or Its Dissolution

10,000/=

Shillings

instrument.

every

Τ.

for

such

- Agreement Or Memorandum Of Agreement Relating To Business,

- Do -

- Delivery Order Or Warrant Of Goods.

Do –

CORPORATE AFFAIRS

 Certificate of shares and Debentures, share warrant, Transfer of shares and Debentures; transfer of shares and debenture and statement of capital or increase in capital vide section 8 of the Act and statement of capital or increase in capital (vide section 8 of the Act) 1% total duty not exceeding T.Shillings 100,000/=

- Articles and Memorandum of Association

50,000/= T.Shillings for every such instrument.

- Letter Of Allotment Of Shares: in a company, a proposed company, or in respect of any loan to be raised by any company or proposed company. See also Certificate or other Document.

10,000/= T. Shillings for every such instrument.

INSURANCE POLICIES:

 Relating to air or marine voyage, or arrival of goods by any mode of transport, or life insurance.

20/= T. Shillings for every 1000/= T. Shillings of the sum assured.

MARINE OPERATIONS

- Bottomary Bond and Respondation Bond.

20/= T.shilings for every 1,000/= T.sh. of value.

10,000/= T. Shillings for every such instrument

- Bill Of Lading: Including a through bill of lading.

Note of Pretest By The Master Of Ship:

Do –

Do -

- Charter Party: that is to say, any instrument (except an agreement for the hire of a tug steamer) whereby a vessel or some specified principal part thereof is let for the specified purposes of the charterer whether it includes a penalty clause or not
- Shipping Order for or relating to the conveyance of Do goods on board of any vessel
- Any other instrument executed by the master of the Do ship.

PROPERTY TRANSCATIONS.

 Security Bond Or Mortgage Deed: mortgage, Hypothecation. Executed by way of security for the due execution of an office, or to account for money or other property received by virtue or executed by a surety to secure the due performance of a contract:-

One percent of mortgage value, total duty not exceeding T.shs. 100,000/-

- Agreement relating to sale Pawn, Pledge, Gift, Lease or Settlement of Property.
- 20. T. Shillings for every 1000 Tsh. of value
- Deed of conveyance of property to way of sale, mortgage, Hypothecation, pawn, pledge, gift, lease or settlement.
- 1% total duty not exceeding T.Shillings 100,000/=
- Certificate of valuation, instrument of partition, instrument of release or revocation or surrender of transfer of lease, mortgage or settlement of any kind.
- 20. T. Shillings for every 1000 Tsh. of value

Deed of Trust or Wakf (other than Public charities)
 Do –

MISCELLANEOUS.

Acknowledgement, Award Or Bond,

20/= T. Shillings for every 1000/= of value.

- Power Attorney Relating to the Sale of Property.

Do –

- Administration Bond,

10,000/= T. Shillings for every such instrument.

Composition Deed, that is to say any instrument executed by a debtor whereby he conveys his property for the benefit of his creditors, or whereby payment of a composition or dividend on their debts is secured to the creditors, or whereby provision is made for the continuance of the debtor's business, under the supervision of inspectors or under letters of licence, for the benefit of his creditors, or a Deed of Agreement under the Deeds of Arrangement Act 10,000/= T. Shillings for every such instrument.

 Deed Pool: if attested and not otherwise provided for. 10,000/= T. Shillings for every such instrument.

- Indemnity Bond.

10,000/= T. Shillings for every such instrument.

- Customs Security Or Bond.

10,000/= T.
Shillings for every such instrument.

- Copy of Extract: certified to be a true copy or extract by or by order of any public officer.

10,000/= T. Shillings for every such instrument.

- Counterpart or Duplicated: of any instrument chargeable with duty and in respect of which the proper duty has been paid.

10,000/= T. Shillings for every such instrument.

 Notorial Act: that is to say, any instrument, endorsement, note, attestation certificate or entry not being a Protest made or signed by a Notary Public in the execution of the duties of his office or by any other person lawfully acting as a Notary Public.

10,000/= T. Shillings for every such instrument.

 Attested Instrument, Any Note or Memorandum or Instrument Other than Described Above in this Schedule.

10,000/= T. Shillings for every such instrument.

- Adoption Deed: that is to say any instrument (other than a will) recording an adoption or conferring or purporting to confer an authority to adopt.

10,000/= T. Shillings for every such instrument.

- Affidavit: Including an affirmation or declaration in the case of persons by law allowed to affirm or declare instead of taking oath. 10,000/= T.
Shillings for every such instrument.

- Appointment in Execution Of Power: whether of trustees or of a property, movable or immovable, where made by any writing not being a will.

10,000/= T.
Shillings for every such instrument.

 Divorce Instrument of: that is to say, any instrument by which any person effects the dissolution of his marriage. 10,000/= T.
Shillings for every such instrument.

Deed of Cancellation.

10,000/= T. Shillings for every such instrument.

- Power of Attorney for Other Purposes,

10,000/= T. Shillings for every such instrument.

SECOND SCHEDULE

Type of instrument

Rate of Duty:

Τ.

30/-

- Receipt or Bill of Sale composition agreement under section 15 (2) of the Act.

Shillings for every 1000 T.shs (3%) of the gross turn over, gross sales, or gross receipt of money (for sale of Goods or services).

Passed in the House of Representatives on 15th October, 1996

(KHAMIS JUMA CHANDE)

Clerk of the House of Representatives of Zanzibar